

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## 1. Identification

**Product identifier:** ARISTA UV S5 WHITE INK

**Other means of identification**

**SDS number:** 000001016817

**Recommended restrictions**

**Recommended use:** Printing ink

**Restrictions on use:** Reserved for industrial and professional use.

**Manufactured for:**

**Distributor**

Company Name: LTD "ARISTA INK  
TECHNOLOGIES"

Address: Aglonas 11-11  
LV-1057  
Riga  
Latvia

Telephone: +371 22334368

Fax:

Contact Person:

E-mail: office@arista.lv

**Emergency telephone number:**

Transport Emergency

Non-transportation

Call CHEMTREC : +1 800 4249300

Health Emergency Phone : +1 303 6235716

International : +1 703 5273887

## 2. Hazard(s) identification

**Hazard Classification**

**Health Hazards**

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Category 2

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Category 1
Skin sensitizer	Category 1
Toxic to reproduction	Category 2
Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure	Category 1

### Environmental Hazards

Acute hazards to the aquatic environment	Category 2
Chronic hazards to the aquatic environment	Category 3

### Label Elements

#### Hazard Symbol:



#### Signal Word:

Danger

#### Hazard Statement:

Causes skin irritation.  
Causes serious eye damage.  
May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.  
Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  
Toxic to aquatic life.  
Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Precautionary Statements

##### Prevention:

Wash thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Avoid release to the environment.

##### Response:

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water/... If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

##### Storage:

Store locked up.

##### Disposal:

Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal

facility in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product characteristics at time of disposal.

**Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC):**

None.

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Mixtures

Chemical Identity	CAS number	Content in percent (%)*
2-(2-Vinyloxyethoxy) ethyl acrylate	86273-46-3	50 - <100%
N-vinyl caprolactam	2235-00-9	10 - <20%
Oxybis(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl) diacrylate	57472-68-1	5 - <10%
Isodecyl acrylate	1330-61-6	5 - <10%
2-Propenoic acid ,1-6-hexanediyl ester, polymer with 2-aminoethanol	67906-98-3	5 - <10%
Phosphine oxide, diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-	75980-60-8	1 - <3%
Nickel, 5,5'-azobis-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)-pyrimidinetrione complexes	68511-62-6	1 - <5%
Phenyl bis(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-phosphine oxide	162881-26-7	1 - <5%
Hexamethylene diacrylate	13048-33-4	0.1 - <1%
caprolactam	105-60-2	0.01 - <1%
2,6-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-methyl-phenol	128-37-0	0.1 - <1%
Tris(N-hydroxy-N-nitrosophenylamino-O,O')aluminium	15305-07-4	0 - <0.1%
Phenol, 4-methoxy-	150-76-5	0 - <0.1%

\* All concentrations are percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

### 4. First-aid measures

#### General information:

Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

#### Inhalation:

Move to fresh air.

#### Skin Contact:

Destroy or thoroughly clean contaminated shoes. Immediately remove contaminated clothing and shoes and wash skin with soap and plenty of water. If skin irritation or an allergic skin reaction develops, get medical attention.

**Eye contact:** Immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lenses. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

**Ingestion:** Rinse mouth thoroughly.

**Personal Protection for First-aid Responders:** CAUTION! First aid personnel must be aware of own risk during rescue! See Section 8 of the SDS for Personal Protective Equipment.

**Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**

**Symptoms:** See section 11 of the SDS for additional information on health hazards.

**Hazards:** See section 11 of the SDS for additional information on health hazards.

**Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

**Treatment:** Treat symptomatically.

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

**General Fire Hazards:** No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

**Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media**

**Suitable extinguishing media:** Extinguish with foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media:** Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical:** During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

**Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters**

**Special fire fighting procedures:** No data available.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:** Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

## 6. Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:** See Section 8 of the SDS for Personal Protective Equipment. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Keep unauthorized personnel away.

**For non-emergency personnel:** Use personal protective equipment.

**For emergency responders:** Warn everybody of potential hazards and evacuate if necessary. Use personal protective equipment.

**Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:**

Absorb spill with vermiculite or other inert material, then place in a container for chemical waste. Dike far ahead of larger spill for later recovery and disposal. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

**Environmental Precautions:**

Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not contaminate water sources or sewer.

**Prevention of secondary hazards:**

No data available.

## 7. Handling and storage

**Precautions for safe handling:**

Do not get in eyes. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing.

**Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:**

Store away from incompatible materials.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Control Parameters**

**Occupational Exposure Limits**

Chemical Identity	Type	Exposure Limit Values	Source
Nickel, 5,5'-azobis-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)-pyrimidinetrione complexes - as Ni	REL	0.015 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2010)
	PEL	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000) (02 2006)
	TWA	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
caprolactam - Inhalable fraction and vapor.	TWA	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2014)
caprolactam - Vapor.	STEL	0.66 ppm 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2010)
	REL	0.22 ppm 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2010)
caprolactam - Dust.	STEL	3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2010)
	REL	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2010)
caprolactam - Vapor.	STEL	10 ppm 40 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
caprolactam - Dust.	STEL	3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
	TWA	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
caprolactam - Vapor.	TWA	5 ppm 20 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
2,6-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-methyl-phenol - Inhalable fraction and vapor.	TWA	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2014)
2,6-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-methyl-phenol	REL	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2010)
	TWA	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)
Tris(N-hydroxy-N-nitrosophenylamino-O,O')aluminium - Respirable fraction.	TWA	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2014)

Phenol, 4-methoxy-	TWA	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (03 2014)
	REL	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards (2010)
	TWA	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	US. OSHA Table Z-1-A (29 CFR 1910.1000) (1989)

#### Appropriate Engineering Controls

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Emergency showers and eye wash stations should be available.

#### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

**General information:** No data available.

**Eye/face protection:** Safety goggles

#### Skin Protection

##### Hand Protection:

Additional Information: Protective gloves should be used if there is a risk of direct contact or splash., Chemical resistant gloves required for prolonged or repeated contact., Butyl rubber., Glove thickness: > 0.35 mm, Break-through time: > 240 min, Risk of splashes:, Nitrile rubber., Nitrile gloves are recommended, but be aware that the liquid may penetrate the gloves. Frequent change is advisable., The most suitable glove must be chosen in consultation with the gloves supplier, who can inform about the breakthrough time of the glove material.

##### Skin and Body Protection:

Wear suitable protective clothing as protection against splashing or contamination.

#### Respiratory Protection:

Under normal conditions of use, respirator protection is not required. In case of inadequate ventilation, use respiratory protection. If respirators are used, OSHA requires compliance with its respiratory protection program (29 CFR 1910.134).

#### Hygiene measures:

Do not get in eyes. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid contact with skin.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

##### Physical state:

liquid

##### Form:

liquid

##### Color:

Yellow

##### Odor:

Sweetish

##### Odor Threshold:

No data available.

##### pH:

No data available.

##### Freezing point:

No data available.

##### Boiling Point:

No data available.

##### Flash Point:

No data available.

<b>Evaporation Rate:</b>	No data available.
<b>Flammability (solid, gas):</b>	No data available.
<b>Flammability Limit - Upper (%):</b>	No data available.
<b>Flammability Limit - Lower (%):</b>	No data available.
<b>Vapor pressure:</b>	No data available.
<b>Vapor density (air=1):</b>	No data available.
<b>Density:</b>	No data available.
<b>Relative density:</b>	1.0436
<b>Solubility(ies)</b>	
<b>Solubility in Water:</b>	No data available.
<b>Solubility (other):</b>	No data available.
<b>Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):</b>	No data available.
<b>Autoignition Temperature:</b>	No data available.
<b>Decomposition Temperature:</b>	No data available.
<b>Kinematic viscosity:</b>	No data available.
<b>Dynamic viscosity:</b>	No data available.
<b>Explosive properties:</b>	No data available.
<b>Oxidizing properties:</b>	No data available.

**Other information**

**VOC Content:** 0 g/l ~0 % (calculated)

## 10. Stability and reactivity

<b>Reactivity:</b>	Material is stable under normal conditions.
<b>Chemical Stability:</b>	Material is stable under normal conditions.
<b>Possibility of hazardous reactions:</b>	Not known.
<b>Conditions to avoid:</b>	Avoid heat or contamination.
<b>Incompatible Materials:</b>	None known.
<b>Hazardous Decomposition Products:</b>	By heating and fire, harmful vapors/gases may be formed.

## 11. Toxicological information

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics**

<b>Inhalation:</b>	Inhalation is the primary route of exposure. In high concentrations, vapors, fumes or mists may irritate nose, throat and mucus membranes.
<b>Skin Contact:</b>	May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes skin irritation.
<b>Eye contact:</b>	Causes serious eye damage.
<b>Ingestion:</b>	May be ingested by accident. Ingestion may cause irritation and malaise.

## Information on toxicological effects

### Acute toxicity (list all possible routes of exposure)

#### Oral

**Product:** ATEmix: 2,373.04 mg/kg

#### Dermal

**Product:** ATEmix: 11,096.36 mg/kg

#### Inhalation

**Product:** Not classified for acute toxicity based on available data.

#### Specified substance(s):

2-(2-Vinyloxyethoxy)  
ethyl acrylate LC 50 (Rat): > 5.04 mg/l

Isodecyl acrylate LC 50 (Rat): > 1.19 mg/l

Hexamethylene  
diacrylate LC 0 (Rat): 0.41 mg/l

caprolactam LC 50 (Rat): 0.3 mg/l

### Repeated dose toxicity

**Product:** No data available.

#### Specified substance(s):

2-(2-Vinyloxyethoxy)  
ethyl acrylate NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Oral, 28 d): 160 mg/kg Oral Experimental  
result, Key study

N-vinyl caprolactam NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Inhalation): 0.058 mg/l Inhalation Experimental  
result, Key study

Oxybis(methyl-2,1-  
ethanediyl) diacrylate NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Oral, 28 - 52 d): 250 mg/kg Oral Read-across  
from supporting substance (structural analogue or surrogate), Key study

Isodecyl acrylate NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Inhalation): 0.075 mg/l Inhalation Read-across  
from supporting substance (structural analogue or surrogate), Key study

Phosphine oxide,  
diphenyl(2,4,6-  
trimethylbenzoyl)- LOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Oral, 28 d): 250 mg/kg Oral Experimental result,  
Key study

No data available.

NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Oral, 28 d): 50 mg/kg Oral Experimental result,  
Key study

LOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Oral, 64 - 91 d): 300 mg/kg Oral Experimental  
result, Key study

NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Oral, 64 - 91 d): 100 mg/kg Oral Experimental  
result, Key study

Phenyl bis(2,4,6-  
trimethylbenzoyl)- NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Oral): 300 mg/kg Oral Experimental result, Key  
study

phosphine oxide  
Hexamethylene  
diacrylate NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Oral, 28 - 52 d): 250 mg/kg Oral Experimental  
result, Key study

caprolactam NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Inhalation, 13 - 17 Weeks): 0.066 mg/l  
Inhalation Experimental result, Key study



2,6-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-methyl-phenol	NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Inhalation, 13 - 17 Weeks): 0.245 mg/l Inhalation Experimental result, Key study
Phenol, 4-methoxy-	NOAEL (Rat(Male), Oral, 1.25 - 22.75 Months): 25 mg/kg Oral Experimental result, Key study
	LOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Oral, >= 28 d): 300 mg/kg Oral Experimental result, Key study
	No data available.
	NOAEL (Rat(Female, Male), Oral, >= 28 d): 150 mg/kg Oral Experimental result, Key study

### Skin Corrosion/Irritation

#### Product:

No data available.

#### Specified substance(s):

2-(2-Vinyloxyethoxy) ethyl acrylate	in vivo (Rabbit): Not irritant Experimental result, Key study
N-vinyl caprolactam	in vivo (Rabbit): Not irritant Experimental result, Key study
Phosphine oxide, diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-	in vivo (Rabbit): Not irritant Experimental result, Key study
Hexamethylene diacrylate	in vivo (Rabbit): Category 2 Experimental result, Key study
caprolactam	Irritating
2,6-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-methyl-phenol	in vivo (Rabbit): Not irritant Experimental result, Key study
Phenol, 4-methoxy-	in vivo (Rabbit): Slightly irritating Experimental result, Key study DSC Repeated contact may cause allergic reactions in very susceptible persons.

### Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation

#### Product:

No data available.

#### Specified substance(s):

2-(2-Vinyloxyethoxy) ethyl acrylate	in vivo (Rabbit): Not irritating EU
Oxybis(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl) diacrylate	in vivo (Rabbit): Category 1 , 24 - 72 hrs OECD GHS
Isodecyl acrylate	Mildly Irritating
Phenyl bis(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-phosphine oxide	in vivo (Rabbit): Not Classified , 24 - 72 hrs EU
Hexamethylene diacrylate	Irritating
caprolactam	Irritating
2,6-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-methyl-phenol	in vivo (Rabbit): Not irritating , 24 - 72 hrs EU

### Respiratory or Skin Sensitization

**Product:** No data available.

#### Specified substance(s):

Phenyl bis(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-phosphine oxide	May cause sensitization by skin contact.
Hexamethylene diacrylate	Skin sensitization:, in vivo (Guinea pig): Sensitising
caprolactam	Skin sensitization:, in vivo (Guinea pig): Non sensitising
2,6-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-methyl-phenol	Skin sensitization:, in vivo (Guinea pig): Non sensitising
Phenol, 4-methoxy-	May cause sensitization by skin contact. Skin sensitization:, in vivo (Guinea pig): Sensitising

### Carcinogenicity

**Product:** The yellow pigment in this product is embedded in a matrix which minimizes the likelihood of exposure to the pigment. Not classified

### IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans:

Nickel, 5,5'-azobis-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)-pyrimidinetrione complexes	Overall evaluation: 1. Carcinogenic to humans.
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### US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens:

Nickel, 5,5'-azobis-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)-pyrimidinetrione complexes	Known To Be Human Carcinogen.
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### US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050):

No carcinogenic components identified

**Germ Cell Mutagenicity**
**In vitro**
**Product:** No data available.

**In vivo**
**Product:** No data available.

**Reproductive toxicity**
**Product:** No data available.

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure**
**Product:** No data available.

**Specified substance(s):**

Phenol, 4-methoxy- No data available.

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure**
**Product:** No data available.

**Specified substance(s):**

Phenol, 4-methoxy- No information available.

**Aspiration Hazard**
**Product:** No data available.

**Specified substance(s):**

Phenol, 4-methoxy- No data available.

**Other effects:** No data available.

<b>12. Ecological information</b>
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**Ecotoxicity:**
**Acute hazards to the aquatic environment:**
**Fish**
**Product:** No data available.

**Specified substance(s):**

2-(2-Vinyloxyethoxy)  
ethyl acrylate
LC 50 (Danio rerio, 96 h): 6.8 mg/l Experimental result, Key study  
LOAEL (Danio rerio, 96 h): 4.6 mg/l Experimental result, Key study  
NOAEL (Danio rerio, 96 h): 2.2 mg/l Experimental result, Key study

N-vinyl caprolactam
LC 50 (Danio rerio, 96 h): 318 mg/l Experimental result, Key study  
NOAEL (Danio rerio, 96 h): 208 mg/l Experimental result, Key study  
LC 0 (Danio rerio, 96 h): 208 mg/l Experimental result, Key study  
NOAEL (Danio rerio, 96 h): 215 mg/l Experimental result, Key study

	LC 50 (Danio rerio, 96 h): 307 mg/l Experimental result, Key study
Oxybis(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl) diacrylate	NOAEL (Leuciscus idus, 96 h): 1 mg/l Experimental result, Key study LC 50 (Leuciscus idus, 96 h): 2.2 mg/l
Phosphine oxide, diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-	LC 50 (Oryzias latipes, 48 h): +/- 6.53 mg/l Experimental result, Key study
Hexamethylene diacrylate	LC 50 (Leuciscus idus, 96 h): 4.6 - 10 mg/l Experimental result, Key study
caprolactam	LC 50 (Oryzias latipes, 96 h): > 100 mg/l Experimental result, Key study
2,6-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-methylphenol	LC 50 (96 h): 0.199 mg/l QSAR QSAR, Key study
Phenol, 4-methoxy-	LC 50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss, 96 h): 28.5 mg/l Experimental result, Key study

#### **Aquatic Invertebrates**

##### **Product:**

No data available.

##### **Specified substance(s):**

2-(2-Vinyloxyethoxy) ethyl acrylate	NOAEL (Daphnia magna, 48 h): 25 mg/l Experimental result, Key study EC 50 (Daphnia magna, 48 h): 55 mg/l Experimental result, Key study
N-vinyl caprolactam	EC 50 (Daphnia magna, 48 h): > 100 mg/l Experimental result, Key study
Phosphine oxide, diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-	EC 50 (Daphnia magna, 48 h): 3.53 mg/l Experimental result, Key study
Phenyl bis(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-phosphine oxide	EC 50 (48 h): > 1.175 mg/l experimental result
Hexamethylene diacrylate	EC 50 (Daphnia magna, 48 h): 2.6 mg/l Experimental result, Key study
caprolactam	EC 50 (Daphnia magna, 48 h): 0.08 mg/l Experimental result, Key study
2,6-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-methylphenol	EC 50 (Daphnia magna, 48 h): 0.61 mg/l Experimental result, Key study NOAEL (Daphnia magna, 48 h): 0.23 mg/l Experimental result, Key study EC 50 (Daphnia magna, 24 h): > 0.7 mg/l Experimental result, Key study NOAEL (Daphnia magna, 48 h): 0.15 mg/l Experimental result, Key study EC 50 (Daphnia magna, 48 h): 0.48 mg/l Experimental result, Key study
Phenol, 4-methoxy-	NOAEL (Daphnia magna, 48 h): 1.32 mg/l Experimental result, Key study EC 50 (Daphnia magna, 48 h): 3 mg/l Experimental result, Key study

#### **Chronic hazards to the aquatic environment:**

##### **Fish**

##### **Product:**

No data available.

**Aquatic Invertebrates**

**Product:** No data available.

**Toxicity to Aquatic Plants**

**Product:** No data available.

**Specified substance(s):**

caprolactam EC 50 (Alga, 72 h): 130 mg/l

**Persistence and Degradability**
**Biodegradation**

**Product:** No data available.

**Specified substance(s):**

2-(2-Vinyloxyethoxy) ethyl acrylate > 84.4 % (28 d) Detected in water. Experimental result, Key study  
82 %

N-vinyl caprolactam 30 - 40 % (28 d) Detected in water. Experimental result, Key study

Oxybis(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl) diacrylate 90 - 100 % (28 d) Detected in water. Experimental result, Key study

Isodecyl acrylate 70 - 80 % (15 d) Detected in water. Read-across from supporting substance (structural analogue or surrogate), Key study

Phosphine oxide, diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)- > 0 - 10 % (28 d) Detected in water. Experimental result, Key study

Hexamethylene diacrylate 60 - 70 % (28 d) Detected in water. Experimental result, Key study

caprolactam 5 % (28 d) Detected in water. Experimental result, Key study

2,6-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-methyl-phenol 4.5 % (28 d) Detected in water. Experimental result, Key study  
> 75 % soil Experimental result, Key study  
> 85 % soil Experimental result, Key study  
> 80 % soil Experimental result, Key study  
< 10 % (20 d) Detected in water. Not specified, Not specified

Phenol, 4-methoxy- 99 % (28 d) Detected in water. Experimental result, Key study  
86 % (28 d) Detected in water. Experimental result, Key study  
> 75 % (56 d) Detected in water. Experimental result, Supporting study  
100 % (8 d) soil Experimental result, Supporting study  
100 % (6 d) Detected in water. Experimental result, Supporting study

**BOD/COD Ratio**

**Product:** No data available.

**Bioaccumulative potential**
**Bioconcentration Factor (BCF)**

**Product:** No data available.

**Specified substance(s):**

Phosphine oxide, diphenyl(2,4,6- trimethylbenzoyl)-	Cyprinus carpio, Bioconcentration Factor (BCF): 22 - 32 Aquatic sediment Experimental result, Key study Cyprinus carpio, Bioconcentration Factor (BCF): 18 - 22 Aquatic sediment Experimental result, Key study Cyprinus carpio, Bioconcentration Factor (BCF): 53 - 72 Aquatic sediment Experimental result, Key study Cyprinus carpio, Bioconcentration Factor (BCF): 23 - 40 Aquatic sediment Experimental result, Key study Cyprinus carpio, Bioconcentration Factor (BCF): 47 - 55 Aquatic sediment Experimental result, Key study
2,6-bis(1,1- dimethylethyl)-4-methyl- phenol	Cyprinus carpio, Bioconcentration Factor (BCF): 230 - 2,500 Aquatic sediment Experimental result, Weight of Evidence study Cyprinus carpio, Bioconcentration Factor (BCF): 230 - 2,500 Aquatic sediment Experimental result, Key study Cyprinus carpio, Bioconcentration Factor (BCF): 330 - 1,800 Aquatic sediment Experimental result, Key study Bioconcentration Factor (BCF): 598.4 Aquatic sediment Estimated by calculation, Weight of Evidence study Cyprinus carpio, Bioconcentration Factor (BCF): 13 - 17 Aquatic sediment Experimental result, Supporting study

**Partition Coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)**

**Product:** No data available.

**Specified substance(s):**

Oxybis(methyl-2,1- ethanediyl) diacrylate	Log Kow: 0.01 - 0.39 24 °C Yes Experimental result, Key study
Isodecyl acrylate	Log Kow: No data available.
Phenyl bis(2,4,6- trimethylbenzoyl)- phosphine oxide	Log Kow: 5.8 20 - 25 °C
Hexamethylene diacrylate	Log Kow: 2.62 - 3.08 25 °C No Experimental result, Supporting study Log Kow: 3.08 (DSC)
2,6-bis(1,1- dimethylethyl)-4-methyl- phenol	Log Kow: 5.11 - 5.2 No Experimental result, Weight of Evidence study
Phenol, 4-methoxy-	Log Kow: 1.58 Log Kow: 1.34 (DSC)

**Mobility in soil:** No data available.

**Known or predicted distribution to environmental compartments**

2-(2-Vinyloxyethoxy) ethyl acrylate	No data available.
N-vinyl caprolactam	No data available.
Oxybis(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl) diacrylate	No data available.
Isodecyl acrylate	No data available.
2-Propenoic acid ,1-6-hexanediyl ester, polymer with 2-aminoethanol	No data available.
Phosphine oxide, diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-	No data available.
Nickel, 5,5'-azobis-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)-pyrimidinetrione complexes	No data available.
Phenyl bis(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-phosphine oxide	No data available.
Hexamethylene diacrylate caprolactam	No data available.
2,6-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-methyl-phenol	No data available.
Tris(N-hydroxy-N-nitrosophenylamino-O,O')aluminium	No data available.
Phenol, 4-methoxy-	No data available.

**Other adverse effects:** Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### 13. Disposal considerations

**General information:** Waste disposal should be in accordance with existing federal, state and local environmental control laws.

**Disposal instructions:** No data available.

**Contaminated Packaging:** Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

**US. RCRA Hazardous Waste Classification (40 CFR 261)** If discarded in its purchased form, this product would not be a hazardous waste either by listing or by characteristic. However, under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the product user to determine at the time of disposal, whether a material containing the product or derived from the product should be classified as a hazardous waste.

## 14. Transport information

### DOT

UN Number	Not regulated.
UN Proper Shipping Name	Not regulated.
Transport Hazard Class(es)	Not regulated.
Packing Group	Not regulated.
Environmental Hazards	Not regulated.
Special precautions for user	Not regulated.

### IATA

UN Number	Not regulated.
UN Proper Shipping Name	Not regulated.
Transport Hazard Class(es)	Not regulated.
Packing Group	Not regulated.
Environmental Hazards	Not regulated.
Special precautions for user	Not regulated.

### IMDG

UN Number	Not regulated.
UN Proper Shipping Name	Not regulated.
Transport Hazard Class(es)	Not regulated.
Packing Group	Not regulated.
Environmental Hazards	Not regulated.
Special precautions for user	Not regulated.

## 15. Regulatory information

### US Federal Regulations

#### TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

##### Chemical Identity

2-(2-Vinyloxyethoxy) ethyl  
acrylate

##### Reportable quantity

De minimis concentration: 1.0% One-Time Export Notification only.

#### US. Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Section 5(a)(2) Final Significant New Use Rules (SNURs) (40 CFR 721, Subpt E)

#### US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

None present or none present in regulated quantities.

#### CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4):

##### Chemical Identity

##### Reportable quantity

#### Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

##### Hazard categories

Immediate (Acute) Health Hazards  
Delayed (Chronic) Health Hazard  
Skin Corrosion or Irritation  
Serious eye damage or eye irritation  
Respiratory or Skin Sensitization  
Reproductive toxicity  
Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)





### SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substance

None present or none present in regulated quantities.

### US. EPCRA (SARA Title III) Section 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reporting Quantities and the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) Hazardous Substances

#### SARA 311/312 Hazardous Chemical

<u>Chemical Identity</u>	<u>Threshold Planning Quantity</u>
2-(2-Vinyloxyethoxy) ethyl acrylate	10000 lbs
N-vinyl caprolactam	10000 lbs
Oxybis(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl) diacrylate	10000 lbs
Isodecyl acrylate	10000 lbs
2-Propenoic acid ,1-6-hexanediyl ester, polymer with 2-aminoethanol	10000 lbs
Phosphine oxide, diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-	10000 lbs
Nickel, 5,5'-azobis-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)-pyrimidinetrione complexes	10000 lbs
Phenyl bis(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-phosphine oxide	10000 lbs
Hexamethylene diacrylate	10000 lbs
caprolactam	10000 lbs
2,6-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-methyl-phenol	10000 lbs
Tris(N-hydroxy-N-nitrosophenylamino-O,O')aluminium	10000 lbs
Phenol, 4-methoxy-	10000 lbs

#### SARA 313 (TRI Reporting)

<u>Chemical Identity</u>	<u>Reporting threshold for other users</u>	<u>Reporting threshold for manufacturing and processing</u>
Nickel, 5,5'-azobis-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)-pyrimidinetrione complexes	N495 lbs	N495 lbs.

#### Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 111 SOCM Intermediate or Final Volatile Organic Compounds (40 CFR 60.489):

<u>Chemical Identity</u>
caprolactam

#### Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112, 1990 Amendments, Statutory Hazardous Air Pollutants:

<u>Chemical Identity</u>
Nickel, 5,5'-azobis-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)-pyrimidinetrione complexes

**Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(i) High-Risk Hazardous Air Pollutants (40 CFR 63.74):**

None present.

**Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130):**

None present or none present in regulated quantities.

**Clean Water Act Section 311 Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 117.3)**

None present or none present in regulated quantities.

**US State Regulations****US. California Proposition 65**

This product can expose you to chemicals including Nickel, 5,5'-azobis-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)-pyrimidinetrione complexes which is [are] known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to [www.P65Warnings.ca.gov](http://www.P65Warnings.ca.gov).

**US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act****Chemical Identity**

Nickel, 5,5'-azobis-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)-pyrimidinetrione complexes

**US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List**

No ingredient regulated by MA Right-to-Know Law present.

**US. Pennsylvania RTK - Hazardous Substances****Chemical Identity**

Nickel, 5,5'-azobis-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)-pyrimidinetrione complexes

**US. Rhode Island RTK**

No ingredient regulated by RI Right-to-Know Law present.

**US. Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA)**

- 2-(2-Vinyloxyethoxy) ethyl acrylate : y
- N-vinyl caprolactam : y
- Oxybis(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl) diacrylate : y
- Isodecyl acrylate : y
- 2-Propenoic acid ,1-6-hexanediyl ester, polymer with 2-aminoethanol : y
- Phosphine oxide, diphenyl(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)- : y
- Nickel, 5,5'-azobis-2,4,6(1H,3H,5H)-pyrimidinetrione complexes : y
- Phenyl bis(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)-phosphine oxide : y
- Hexamethylene diacrylate : y
- caprolactam : y
- 2,6-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-methyl-phenol : y
- Tris(N-hydroxy-N-nitrosophenylamino-O,O')aluminium : y
- Phenol, 4-methoxy- : y

## 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

**Issue Date:** 04-26-2019

**Revision Information:** No data available.

**Version #:** 1.0

**Further Information:** This information is furnished without warranty, expressed or implied, and is believed to be accurate to the best knowledge of the manufacturer. The data on this SDS relates only to the specific material designated herein. The manufacturer assumes no legal responsibility for use or reliance upon these data.

**Disclaimer:** This information is provided without warranty. The information is believed to be correct. This information should be used to make an independent determination of the methods to safeguard workers and the environment.